

WRP 08984

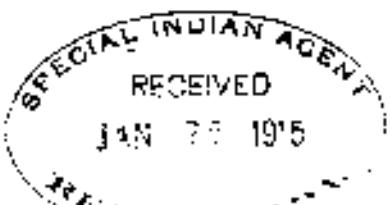
61

4-278

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE

Carson City, Nevada.  
(Place)

January 22, 1915.  
(Date)



NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE.

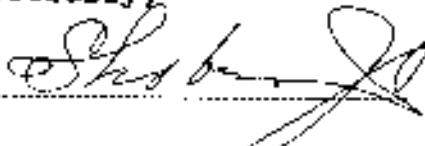
Tim Hooper (Indian)

Manhattan, Nevada.

Sir:

Your Indian allotment, (Date of Application or Entry), SERIAL No. 08984, Receipt No. none, for the SW 1/4 E 1/4 of Section 21 and the NW 1/4 of Section 22, Township 11 N., Range 46 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, has been this day allowed, subject to your further compliance with law and regulations applicable thereto.

Very respectfully,



Copy to: J. D. Taylor, Register.  
C. H. Ashbury, Reno, Nevada.

, Receiver.

NOTE.—The homestead law contemplates that residence shall be established immediately after entry, where not established before that time. Failure to establish residence within six months will forfeit the entry, if proven upon contest or trial proof, unless it be shown that the entrant has been prevented, by climatic conditions, sickness, or other unavoidable cause, from establishing residence within six months immediately following entry; in such event his failure may be excused, provided it be shown that actual residence was not delayed beyond twelve months from the date of entry. An application for extension of time to begin residence will not ordinarily be considered except upon contest or trial proof. Leaves of absence can not be granted, for any cause, unless the entrant has established bona fide residence.

OFFICE OF  
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

61

Manhattan, Nevada, March 30th,

1915

Calvin H. Ashbury, Agt;  
(U. S. Indian Service)  
Reno, Nevada.

Dear Sir:-

On the 24th Inst. I went with Tim Cooper, who has been allotted the S. W. 1/4 of the N. E. 1/4, the E. 1/2 of the N. E. 1/4; Sec 21 and the N. W. 1/4 of the N. W. 1/4 Sec 22. T. 11 N. Range. 46 E. I found that most of this allotment was within the inclosures of the 'Pine Creek Ranch', under irrigation and cultivation for years.

While the Ranch Foreman did not forbid, or molest me in locating the above corners, still the Indian boys, my chainmen, were being subjected to such threatening word abuse, from which I had no authority to protect them, that we did not wait to tie in ditches, fences, etc.

I think it would be well for some one in authority to place this Indian in peaceful possession of above lands, if vacant.

Fully half of this allotment is below and receives the direct drainage of the irrigated fields of the 'Pine Creek Ranch.'

If at any time you decide that I may be of use to you, in this or any other matter, command me.

Yours truly.

H. A. Day, Surveyor.

5-4100

ADDRESS ONLY THE  
COMMISSIONER OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

REPER IN REPLY TO THE FOLLOWING:  
Land-Allotments  
45934-15  
H. V. C.

Application of  
Tim Hooper.

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS  
WASHINGTON

Mr. C. H. Asbury,  
Special Indian Agent,  
Reno, Nevada.

APR 30 1915

RECEIVED

MAY 4 1915

RENO, NEV.

My dear Mr. Asbury:

The Office has received a letter from the Assistant Commissioner of the General Land Office, inquiring whether Tim Hooper, a Shoshone Indian, is entitled to an allotment on the public domain under the General Allotment Act. Transmitted with the letter in question is a statement submitted by you, under date of January 30, 1915 to the local land office at Carson City, Nevada, in connection with the application of Tim Hooper, in which you say that he is a Shoshone Indian, that he has never lived on any reservation, that he has no reservation rights, and that you consider him as typical of the class of Indians for whom this particular law was enacted and you recommend the approval of his application.

From the facts submitted the Office is inclined to the view that this Indian is not entitled to an allotment on the public domain under existing law, but is willing to certify

that he is entitled as an Indian to make entry under the provision of the Act of July 4, 1884 (24 Stat. L. 388). However, before taking action in the matter a further report from you is desired for the purpose of enabling the Office to determine definitely whether he is properly qualified under the general allotment laws. If this Indian has never lived on a reservation and has not affiliated with the Indians of the tribe with which he claims membership, it is doubtful that the Office can certify that he is properly qualified. It is possible, however, that he may be of that class for whose tribe no reservation has been provided. In such a case the Office may be able to certify that he is entitled to an allotment upon your report to that effect.

Upon receipt of the report herein called for with such additional information as you may be able to gather, the matter will be given further consideration and an appropriate report submitted to the General Land Office.

Very truly yours,

  
C. H. Taft  
Second Assistant Commissioner.

4-EJL-39

(Copy to General Land Office)  
(Carson City 98584 G. O.R.).

Land Allotments.  
46954-15  
H V C

61

Application of  
Tim Hooper.

RENO, NEVADA,

May 6, 1915.

Commissioner of Indian Affairs,  
Washington, D. C.

Sir:

In further reference to the above letter of April 30th and to the application of Tim Hooper, which was allowed by the U. S. Land Office Serial No. 08984, Carson City, I have to say that this applicant is of exactly the same status as many other Indians in Nevada, a few of whom have applied for and received allotments on the public domain. They live scattered throughout the state and maintain no regular tribal government or organization, but every community recognizes some sort of local head man or captain and affiliate somewhat as local bands. They have never had any reservation set apart for them, consequently, they never have lived on any reservation, as they have not had the opportunity. All of the best land in the State and practically all of the water right has been appropriated by white people and a very liberal policy should be pursued in giving such land as remains to Indians who show a disposition to occupy and make use of it as a permanent home. I have no reason to doubt this applicant's good intention along this line and I trust that the necessary

Application of  
Tim Hooper.

III.

5/6/15.

certificate may issue, permitting him to file his allotment application, which I hold in my office, all complete with the exception of this certificate.

Very respectfully,

Special Indian Agent.

Walker River School,  
Schurz, Nevada.

NOV 17 1916

17, 1916.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs,  
Washington, D.C.

Sir:-

About a month ago Mr. H.S. Atkinson, an attorney of Tonapah, Nevada called at my office to inquire as to the right of a half-breed Indian to take land as an allotment. I told him that the present law and decision permitted such and I recalled either a letter in a specific case or a circular covering the matter very thoroughly a few months ago but I have not had time to look that up and my clerk has failed to find it. I have not been in my office except for a few hours one day since he was in.

I suggest the Office send to Mr. Atkinson direct information in the matter. It seems that some white man claims some right in land recently filed on by an Indian and which filing was allowed by the Land Office.

It is not probable that his client desires to institute a contest with no prospect of winning hence the attorney desires the information and reference to the decisions.

Very respectfully,

(Signed) D. W. Ashbury

Land-Allotments  
125293-15  
H V C

61

Mr. H. H. Atkinson,  
Attorney at Law,  
Tonopah, Nevada.

REC'D -

Sir:

In response to the request of Special Agent J. H. Asbury, temporarily located at Beatty, Nevada, you are advised that under certain conditions persons of Indian blood may make application for public lands under the fourth section of the act of February 8, 1887 (24 Stat. L., 369), as amended by section 17 of the act of June 25, 1910 (36 Stat. L., 655-659), or under the act of July 4, 1884 (23 Stat. L., 76-96), which act extends the benefits of the General Homestead Law to Indians. Under the first mentioned act the applicant must be an enrolled member of some existing tribe of Indians or entitled to such recognition, because of Indian blood, association and affiliation with the tribe with which membership is claimed. In either case settlement is required, and under the terms of the Indian Homestead Act, the applicant must be qualified to make a homestead entry.

If you will furnish all necessary information the Office will investigate the Indian status of your client and advise you definitely in the matter.

For your further information there is enclosed a pamphlet containing a reprint of the general allotment act and amendments thereto.

Respectfully,

(Sgd.) C. P. Hawke

11-1123-27

Chief Clerk.

(Carbon to Special Agent Asbury)